1D Convolution - Backprop

Wednesday, February 7, 2024 12:57 AM

-) input 24 72 72 ry Kernel 101 102 Y=X+W °lp y, y₂ y₃ $y_1 = \omega_1 \cdot 24 + \omega_2 \cdot 32$ y2 = 10, 12 + 102. 73 y₂ = ω₁. η₂ + ω₂. ηγ start with $\frac{\partial L}{\partial y_i}$. Let's compute $\frac{\partial L}{\partial \omega_i} \otimes \frac{\partial L}{\partial u_i}$ $\frac{\partial L}{\partial \omega_1} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial \lambda_1} \cdot \frac{\partial J}{\partial \lambda_1} + \frac{\partial J}{\partial L} \cdot \frac{\partial J}{\partial \lambda_2} + \frac{\partial J}{\partial \lambda_2} \cdot \frac{\partial J}{\partial \lambda_2} \cdot \frac{\partial J}{\partial \lambda_2}$ = 24 22 ل • ع $\frac{\partial L}{\partial \omega_{n}} = \frac{\lambda_{L}}{\lambda_{n}}$. N2 · reg $\implies \frac{\partial L}{\partial W} = X + \frac{\partial L}{\partial Y}$ $y_1 = w_1 \cdot y_1 + w_2 \cdot y_2$ $y_{1} = w_{1}, y_{2} + w_{1}, y_{3}$ $y_2 = w_1 \cdot y_2 + w_1 \cdot y_4$ $\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_1} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_1} \cdot \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_2} \cdot \frac{\partial y_2}{\partial x_1} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_2} \cdot \frac{\partial y_3}{\partial x_1}$

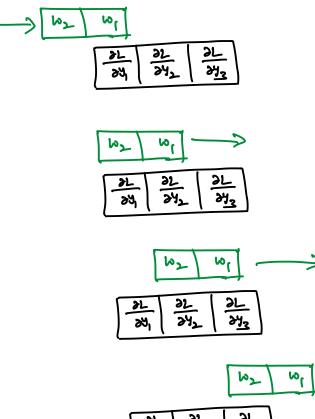
a 0 10

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial n_2} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_1} \cdot \frac{\partial y_1}{\partial n_2} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_2} \cdot \frac{\partial y_2}{\partial n_2} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_3} \cdot \frac{\partial y_3}{\partial n_2}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \mathbf{a}_3} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \mathbf{y}_1} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}_1}{\partial \mathbf{a}_3} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial \mathbf{y}_2} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}_2}{\partial \mathbf{y}_2} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial \mathbf{y}_3} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}_3}{\partial \mathbf{x}_3}$$

$$= \frac{\partial L}{\partial \mathbf{x}_1} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}_1}{\partial \mathbf{x}_3} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial \mathbf{y}_2} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}_3}{\partial \mathbf{x}_3} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial \mathbf{y}_3} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}_3}{\partial \mathbf{x}_3}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_{y}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_{1}} \cdot \frac{\partial y_{1}}{\partial x_{y}} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_{2}} \cdot \frac{\partial y_{2}}{\partial x_{y}} + \frac{\partial L}{\partial y_{2}} \cdot \frac{\partial y_{3}}{\partial x_{y}}$$
$$= 0 \qquad 0 \qquad \omega_{3}$$



 \rightarrow

-> Notice that the flipped kernel 'full' convolves the up_stream gradients to sesult in the Joron-stream gradients w.r.t. the input.